



Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение
высшего образования

**Российская академия народного хозяйства и государственной службы
при Президенте Российской Федерации**

Олимпиада школьников РАНХиГС

Заключительный этап

Класс: 11

Профиль: ИНОСТРАННЫЙ (АНГЛИЙСКИЙ) ЯЗЫК

Фамилия: КОВАЛЕВА

Имя: НАДЕЖДА

Отчество: ЕВГЕНЬЕВНА

Страна: РОССИЙСКАЯ ФЕДЕРАЦИЯ

Регион: ПСКОВСКАЯ ОБЛАСТЬ

ВСЕГО СТРАНИЦ

9

ПОДПИСЬ УЧАСТНИКА



Вариант 2

Task 1. a.

1. work
2. push
3. ideas
- 4.

Task 1. b.

And the first thing is passion. / Freeman Thomas says, "I'm driven by my passion." / TED-sters do it for love, they don't do it for money. Carol Coletta says "I would pay someone / to do what I do." And the interesting thing is, if you do it for love, the money comes anyway.

Task 1. c.

1. The main purpose of the sentence would be to emphasize the speaker's ^{very} own motivation
2. The main purpose of the sentence would be to highlight the effect that passion has on oneself.
3. Such choices make the speaker sound passionate and confident about the topic, that makes his speech more persuasive and inspirational.

Task 2.



Вариант 2. Task 2.

1. I can't say I'm not satisfied with my current personal life. But if I had a chance, I would spend more time with my children. After all, neither wealth nor innovations are able to replace them a father!

2. As important as they are to me, my family's members aren't some kind of experienced entrepreneurs, so they don't directly influence my work decisions. However, when making such decisions, I always consider all the effects they can have on my family.

3. The best way to teach your kids something is through entertaining them. So when I want to teach them ~~something~~ I usually do it in a relatively fun way. I don't want them to get bored by old man's lectures.

4. When you're creating the future you have to ~~make sure~~ consider ~~the~~ long-term effects of your actions rather than focusing on quick results. That's why ~~even~~ I'm always extremely mindful and strategic even with the most spontaneous decisions.

5. Public criticism and career setbacks are simply inevitable even for the most successful people. If I can't escape them, I have to make sure they'll contribute to my future plans and actions.



6. Easy come - easy go, my friends! Quick results aren't always the best. To achieve your goals you must stick to them and never let go until you're actualy satisfied. Patience is the key to success.

Task 3.

1. Unless conflicting priorities are resolved, organizational productivity will decrease significantly.

The word "unless" is used to state that if the following actions aren't done, the actions from the second part of the sentence won't stop. The use of "if" would change the meaning of the sentence to the opposite, stating that the following action has to take place in order for the second one to happen.

2. Communication is an essential skill of the success of in the modern workplace.

The noun is placed as a subject because the rest of the sentence defines its meaning, which makes the tone more persuasive.

3. There is a global shift occurring in societal values toward sustainability.

"There is" is used in the beginning to say that the process to which the sentence is dedicated to ~~is~~ actually exists in the present moment.



4. To thrive organizations must embrace calculated risk-taking.

"To thrive" is used here to enhance the importance of risk-taking and therefore to make the sentence more impactful.

5.

Task 4

1. A

Neil's situation only got him worried after half a year of unemployment.

2. A

Maggie's mood seems to change over the most unexpected and unreasonable things.

4. B

The rain wouldn't stop falling in torrents all night long.

3. D

I was threatened by my neighbor to get sued over the argument we had about property boundaries.



5. C

You can successfully make a dish even if you don't have all the required ingredients when you have the main ones.

6. A

Tara can't sit still for a long period, that's why she is away, having a trip to India

7. C

I suppose that your comment about Ralph~~is~~ being close to retirement irritated him.

8. D

Simon's health is starting to get better after a year spent in a hospital.

9. A

The ^{current} economic state ~~makes people~~ holds a great amount of people back from becoming entrepreneurs.

10. B.

We'll make sure to inform you about all the ~~than~~ proceeding changes in the examination aspects.

Task 5.



1- I

Purpose: to artistically reflect on different aspects of the ^{world}

Audience: literature and poetry enjoyers

Language features: an excessive use of descriptions and specific text structure make the expression suitable for the genre.

2- B

Purpose: to deliver information about a scientific study

Audience: fellow scientists

Language features: precise definitions and the use of scientific terms make the expression very professional and formal

3- J

Purpose: to make people laugh

Audience: people in ^{an} informal setting, friends

Language features: simple ^{and} ^{emotional} language and a lot of emotion make the genre easy to comprehend

4- A

Purpose: to influence a large group of people

Audience: country's citizens, members of a party

Language features: the use of "we" to emphasize oneness and ~~motivate~~ persuade people

5- L

Purpose: to inform about things related to business

Audience: businessmen, entrepreneurs, investors

Language features: exact data makes it look trustworthy



6 - H

Purpose: to thrill the reader

Audience: ~~for~~ the fans of the genre, literature lovers

7 - E

Purpose: to reflect on events of one's life

Audience: the author himself

8 - D

Purpose: to tell about historical events

Audience: researchers of history

9 - k

Purpose: to document all the information about a legal case

Audience: the jury, the court and other trial participants

10 - F

Purpose: to explain how to do something

Audience: people who ~~own~~ own this specific chair

Task 6.



Fallacy 1: Sentence 4

- It's ~~a bad idea~~ ^{wrong} to say that all people have the same motives, especially when there is surely other explanations of their actions.
- People ~~sometimes~~ often have no other choice but to drive in city centers but it doesn't cancel the fact that a lot of them are very inconsiderate of those around them.

Fallacy 2: Sentence 5

- As there are many different reasons for air pollution banning cars won't be enough to completely eliminate it. Other factors should be considered too.
- Banning cars would decrease ~~to~~ air pollution to some extent, even though it wouldn't be able to completely eliminate it.

Fallacy 3: Sentence 7

- Not all traffic accidents are caused by cars, therefore even if they were banned some accidents would probably occur from time to time because of cyclists or pedestrians themselves.
- For instance, if the cars were banned there would be much less accidents, even though it wouldn't be able to ensure complete



safety for pedestrians and cyclists.

Fallacy 4: Sentence 9

- City centers are generally noisy even without any cars because a lot of people go there and a lot of noisy places such as malls, cafes and clubs are placed there.
- As a result, banning cars would impact the level of the noise in city centers and make them slightly more peaceful even with all the other things going on there.

Fallacy 5: Sentence 11

- There are various other ways to make city life better and banning cars is only one of them. There is also no reasonable explanation on why it's the best way, so this sentence is illogical.
- While some may oppose the ban, it shouldn't be denied that it can actually influence cities in a good way.

